FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	i - vii
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Position	5 - 8
Statements of Activities	9 - 12
Balance Sheets – Governmental Funds	13 - 16
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17 - 20
Statements of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	21
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	22
Statements of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	23
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	24
Statements of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	25
Notes to Financial Statement	26 - 59
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual – General Funds	60 - 61
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual – Proprietary Funds	62 - 63
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios – Texas Municipal Retirement System	64
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Texas Municipal Retirement System	65
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	66

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	<u>Page</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards	67 - 68
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance	69 - 71
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	72 - 73
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	74
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Responses	75 - 82
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	83 - 84
Corrective Action Plan- by Town of Anthony, Texas	Attachment A

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Town of Anthony, Texas (the Town) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

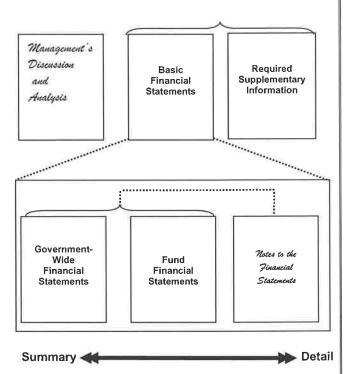
- The Town's total combined assets were \$15,170,755, \$13,706,061, and \$12,465,223 for the years ended September 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018.
- During the year, the Town's expenses were \$3,819,180, \$4,792,640, and \$4,926,642 for the years ended September 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts — management's discussion and analysis (this section); the *basic financial statements*; and, required *supplementary information*. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town:

- The first two statements are *government-wide* financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements include fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements explain how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the Town's Annual Financial Report



Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

			Fund Statements	
Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Town (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses: self insurance	Instances in which the Town is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets	Balance Sheet	Statement of net assets	Statement of fiduciary net assets
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets	Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
			Statement of cash flows	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the government's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the Town's assets and liabilities.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town include the Governmental activities. Most of the Town's services are included, such as sales taxes, property taxes, licenses, and permits, grants, etc.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – Most of the Town's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in subsequent year. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – The Town has one type of proprietary funds which is an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S GOVERNMENT-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Total assets: The Town's combined total assets were \$7,666,275, \$6,451,732, and \$5,204,584 at September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018 (Table A-1).

Table A-1
Town of Anthony, Texas's Net Position
Governmental Activities

	Sep	otember 30, 2020	Sep	tember 30, 2019	Sep	tember 30, 2018
Current and Other Assets	\$	3,646,655	\$	2,949,360	\$	1,700,918
Capital and Non-Current Assets		4,019,620		3,502,372		3,503,666
Total Assets		7,666,275		6,451,732		5,204,584
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		90,503		116,645		63,549
Current Liabilities		736,019		491,526		454,969
Long-Term Liabilities		2,163,987		2,491,714		2,685,640
Total Liabilities		2,900,006	-	2,983,240		3,140,609
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		127,615		81,434		102,262
Investment in Capital Assets		1€		.=		: -
Restricted		1,228,883		880,919		525,566
Unrestricted (deficit)		3,500,274		2,622,784		1,499,696
Total Net Position	\$	4,729,157	\$	3,503,703	\$	2,025,262

Changes in net position. The Town's total revenues were \$3,600,315, \$3,268,442, and \$2,981,391 for the years ended September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018. Majority of the Town's revenues were attributed to property and sales taxes. The total costs of all services were \$2,374,861, \$3,050,101, and \$3,427,378 for the years ending September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

Table A-2
Town of Anthony, Texas's Statement of Activities
Governmental Activities

	Sep	tember 30, 2020	Sep	otember 30, 2019	Sep	tember 30, 2018
Revenues					-	
Charges for services	\$	722,476	\$	748,869	\$	656,793
Grants and contributions		676,912		398,789		292,090
Property and sales taxes		2,177,402		2,042,602		1,985,472
Transfers		σ.		2 .5		3
Other		23,525		78,182		47,036
Total Revenues		3,600,315		3,268,442		2,981,391
Expenses						
General government		1,749,684		1,780,622		2,484,407
Public Safety		374,625		888,676		465,296
Streets		2,115		634		80,484
Culture and Recreation		27,655		47,197		50,986
Courts		161,493		274,832		277,522
Interest on debt		59,289		58,140		68,683
Other debt service		30 ()				
Total Expenses	-	2,374,861		3,050,101	-	3,427,378
Change in Net Position		1,225,454		218,341		(445,987)
				,		, , ,
Net Position – Beginning		3,503,703		2,025,262		2,471,249
Prior Period Adjustment	-	₹		1,260,100		
Net Position – Ending	\$	4,729,157	\$	3,503,703	\$	2,025,262

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES)

■ **Total assets**: The Town's combined total assets were \$7,366,891, \$7,081,666, and \$7,160,710 at September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, (Table A-3).

Table A-3
Town of Anthony, Texas
Business-Type Activities

	Sep	otember 30, 2020	Sept	ember 30, 2019	Sep	tember 30, 2018
Current Assets	\$	1,183,867	\$	762,147	\$	622,388
Capital Assets, net		6,183,024		6,319,519		6,538,322
Total Assets		7,366,891		7,081,666	-	7,160,710
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		47,086		56,018		36,380
Current Liabilities		326,943		463,390		408,090
Long-Term Liabilities		3,077,191		3,266,168		3,397,091
Total Liabilities		3,404,134		3,729,558		3,805,181
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		38,216		27,383		35,087
Investment in Capital Assets		2,996,745		2,979,972		3,057,065
Unrestricted (deficit)		974,882		400,771		299,757
Total Net Position	\$	3,971,627	\$	3,380,743	\$	3,356,822

Changes in net position. The Town's total revenues were \$2,035,203, \$1,766,460, and \$1,666,779 for the years ended September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018. Majority of the Town's revenues were attributed to water and sewer services provided. The total costs of all services were \$1,444,319, \$1,742,539, and \$1,499,264 for the years ending September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

Table A-4
Town of Anthony, Texas's Statement of Activities
Business-Type Activities

Sep	tember 30, 2020	Sep	otember 30, 2019	Sep	otember 30, 2018
\$	2,023,059	\$	1,731,636	\$	1,666,779
	12,144		34,824		5 3 0
	-		<u> </u>		200
	2,035,203	-	1,766,460		1,666,779
	293,152		402,772		269,548
	273,023		265,114		267,218
	603,997		596,922		564,150
	274,147		477,731		398,348
	1,444,319		1,742,539		1,499,264
	590,884		23,921		167,515
-	3,380,743		3,356,822		3,189,307
\$	3,971,627	\$	3,380,743	\$	3,356,822
		\$ 2,023,059 12,144 2,035,203 293,152 273,023 603,997 274,147 1,444,319 590,884 3,380,743	\$ 2,023,059 \$ 12,144 \$ 2,035,203 \$ 293,152 273,023 603,997 274,147 1,444,319 \$ 590,884 \$ 3,380,743	2020 2019 \$ 2,023,059 12,144 \$ 1,731,636 34,824 2,035,203 1,766,460 293,152 273,023 603,997 274,147 1,444,319 402,772 265,114 477,731 1,742,539 590,884 3,380,743 23,921 3,380,743 3,356,822	\$ 2,023,059 \$ 1,731,636 \$ 12,144 \$ 34,824 \$ 2,035,203 \$ 1,766,460 \$ 293,152 \$ 402,772 \$ 273,023 \$ 265,114 \$ 603,997 \$ 596,922 \$ 274,147 \$ 477,731 \$ 1,444,319 \$ 1,742,539 \$ 590,884 \$ 23,921 \$ 3,380,743 \$ 3,356,822

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town Council voted for the No-New-Revenue tax rate of .710781 for FY 2021. The tax rates will remain the same in revenues in FY 2021. The town is able to secure 20% from property taxes to be transferred to a Capital Improvement General Fund account to cover for street infrastructure needs.

Water and Sewer rates will continue to raise in 2021 to cover the debt service loans to help ensure that the water fund remains self-sufficient and able to cover their portion of the loan cost and to continue developing the future water well site. The Town has been able to secure 20% out of water revenue to be transferred to a Capital Improvement Water & Sewer account for infrastructure needs.

The Town Council has established an Economic Development Advisory Committee to develop growth and promotion for the Town of Anthony. The current committee completed the process of developing a comprehensive plan to include infrastructure to support new business, light industry, and beautification of the surrounding area. The Town expects to start the process in upcoming years.

The Town applied for a grant with Texas Community Development Block Grant to assist in street improvements. Improvements will include the re-pavement of Poplar Street from 6th Street to Magdalena Street.

CONTACTING TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS' FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town Clerk at 401 Wildcat Dr., Anthony, Texas 79821.



RENE D. PEÑA, CPA CRISTINA A. SALAZAR, CPA MELISA COTA GUEVARA, CPA

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

4171 N. MESA, SUITE B100 EL PASO, TEXAS 79902-1498 PHONE: 915-542-1733

> FAX: 915-544-5440 E-MAIL: cpa@cpaelpaso.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Anthony, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and fiduciary fund information of the Town of Anthony, Texas, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Anthony, Texas's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit Type of Opinion

Governmental Activities Qualified

General Fund Qualified

Debt Service Fund Qualified

Capital Project Fund Qualified

Business-Type Activities/Proprietary Funds Qualified

Fiduciary Funds Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities, General, Debt Service, Capital Project, and Business-Type Activities/ Proprietary Funds

The general accounting for the Town of Anthony includes the governmental activities, general fund, debt service, capital project, and business-type activities/proprietary funds. The allocation of assets, net assets, revenues, and expenses related to the different component units identified above were not properly classified and proper allocation could not be determined as of year-end.

The accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that all activities of the Town of Anthony be properly allocated and presented in the financial statements in the appropriate fund. The amount identified within the Statement of Activities in the general government expenses, reflects a suspense account of expenditures that although were considered to be appropriate for the Town as a whole the Town was unable to determine which fund account and direct expense account they should be allocated to in the statement of activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the classification of expenditures to each respective governmental activity has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities, General, Debt Service, Capital Project, and Business-Type Activities/ Proprietary Funds

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities, General, Debt Service, Capital Project, and Business-Type Activities/ Proprietary Funds" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the Town of Anthony, Texas, as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the fiduciary fund of the Town of Anthony, Texas, as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash

flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the TMRS pension system information on pages i-vii and 60-66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Anthony, Texas's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws. Regulations, contract, and grant agreements and other matters.

The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Anthony, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Para Brunes McVonil + Co El Paso, Texas March 31, 2022

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		P	rima	ary Governmen	ıt	
		vernmental Activities	_	Business Type Activities	n	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent	\$	2,935,693	\$	1,448,962	\$	4,384,655
Receivable, net of allowance						
Grants		196,753				196,753
Taxes		29,636		₩.		29,636
Charges for service		-		219,478		219,478
Due from other funds		484,573	c-	(484,573)		
Total current assets		3,646,655	_	1,183,867		4,830,522
Capital Assets						
Land		910,936		13,513		924,449
Other capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation		3,107,537		6,169,511	_	9,277,048
Total capital assets		4,018,473		6,183,024		10,201,497
Other assets		1,147	_			1,147
Total noncurrent assets	•	4,019,620	_	6,183,024		10,202,644
Deferred outflows of resources						
pension, net	9	90,503	-	47,086	_	137,589
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	7,756,778	\$	7,413,977	\$	15,170,755

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Prin	nary Governmen	ıt	
	Governmen Activitie		Business Type Activities	ñ <u>-</u>	Totals
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 337,	969 \$	=	\$	337,969
Deferred revenue		509			88,509
Wages and benefits payable	24	,363	10,763		35,126
Customer deposits		Ē	169,911		169,911
Notes, leases and obligations, current		,178	26,269		46,447
Bonds payable, current	265	,000	120,000	-	385,000
Total current liabilities	736.	019	326,943		1,062,962
Notes, leases, obligation, non-current	134	,870	34,777		169,647
Bonds payable, non-current	1,813	,000	2,991,720		4,804,720
Net pension liability	216	,117	50,694		266,811
Total liabilities	2,900	,006	3,404,134	_	6,304,140
Deferred inflows of resources					
pension, net	127	,615	38,216	=	165,831
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED					
INFLOW OF RESOURCES	3,027	,621 _	3,442,350	_	6,469,971
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets, net of					
related debt		7 =	2,996,745		2,996,745
Restricted for:					
Debt service	1,032	•	ë		1,032,300
Program		,583	2		196,583
Unrestricted	3,500	,274	974,882	_	4,475,156
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,729	,157	3,971,627	\$	8,700,784

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	÷	P	rima	ary Governmer	ıt	
		vernmental Activities	·	Business Type Activities	: :: <u> </u>	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent	\$	2,709,070	\$	735,508	\$	3,444,578
Receivable, net of allowance						
Grants		41,405		3 = 2		41,405
Taxes		27,796		₩.		27,796
Charges for service		125		197,728		197,728
Due from other funds		171,089		(171,089)		<u>=</u>
Total current assets		2,949,360		762,147	_	3,711,507
Capital Assets						
Land		910,936		13,513		924,449
Other capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation		2,591,436		6,306,006	_	8,897,442
Total capital assets	-	3,502,372	-	6,319,519	-	9,821,891
Deferred outflows of resources						
pension, net		116,645		56,018		172,663
Total noncurrent assets	_	3,619,017	_	6,375,537	-	9,994,554
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	6,568,377	\$	7,137,684	\$	13,706,061

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	F	rimary Governmen	nt
	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Totals
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 63,834	\$ 1,387	\$ 65,221
Deferred revenue	37,633	≆ ₹	37,633
Wages and benefits payable	100,592	40,265	140,857
Customer deposits		263,451	263,451
Notes, leases and obligations, current	30,467	38,287	68,754
Bonds payable, current	259,000	120,000	379,000
Total current liabilities	491,526	463,390	954,916
Notes, leases, obligation, non-current	147,614	61,046	208,660
Bonds payable, non-current	2,078,000	3,106,701	5,184,701
Net pension liability	266,100	98,421	364,521
Total liabilities	2,983,240	3,729,558	6,712,798
Deferred inflows of resources			
pension, net	81,434	27,383	108,817
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERREI)		
INFLOW OF RESOURCES	3,064,674	3,756,941	6,821,615
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net of			
related debt	04	2,979,972	2,979,972
Restricted for:			
Debt service	743,277	9. 7.	743,277
Program	137,642	7/2	137,642
Unrestricted	2,622,784	400,771	3,023,555
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,503,703	\$ 3,380,743	\$ 6,884,446

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

			1	Program						
		Expense			Re	Revenues				
			 	Charges for	Operati	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	9	Net (Expense)	(bense)
				Services	and Cor	and Contributions	and Contributions	Suc	Revenue	nne
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS										
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities										
General government	69)	1,749,684	\$9	165,312	69	1	≶	1	S	(1,584,372)
Public safety		374,625		67,643		676,912		,		369,930
Streets		2,115		132,223		ť		,		130,108
Culture and recreation		27,655		ľ		ď		,		(27,655)
Court		161,493		349,108		j		1		187,615
Interest		59,289		1		*		۲		(59,289)
Total governmental activities		2,374,861	į.	714,286		676,912		.1		(983,663)
Business-Type Activities: Water, sewer and garbage		1,444,319	322	2,035,203		(Å)		2		590,884
Total business-type activities		1,444,319		2,035,203	ļ	1				590,884
Total primary government	69	3,819,180	€	2,749,489	€	676,912	€9		%	(392,779)

See accompanying notes to financial statements and independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Ser	F	rimai	y Governmer	ıt	
		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Change in net Assets:						
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(983,663)	\$	590,884	\$	(392,779)
General Revenues						
Taxes						
Property and occupancy taxes		1,434,660		-		1,434,660
Sales taxes		742,742		; = 0		742,742
Interest and investment income		8,190		-		8,190
Other		23,525		220		23,525
Total general revenues		2,209,117	-		-	2,209,117
Changes in net position		1,225,454		590,884		1,816,338
Net position - Beginning of year		3,503,703		3,380,743	_	6,884,446
Net position - Ending of year	\$	4,729,157	\$	3,971,627	\$	8,700,784

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			I	Program						
	 3	Expense			Reve	Revenues				
		i.	 	Charges for	Operatin	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	rants	Net	Net (Expense)
			-1	Services	and Cont	and Contributions	and Contributions	outions		Revenue
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS										
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities										
General government	્	1,780,622	\$	82,305	€ >	ű	⊗	475	69	(1,697,842)
Public safety		888,676		65,555		398,314		ķ		(424,807)
Streets		634		141,777		ř		1		141,143
Culture and recreation		47,197		¢,		100		1		(47,197)
Court		274.832		459,232		i		1		184,400
Interest		58,140		· ·		1.1				(58,140)
Total governmental activities		3,050,101		748,869		398,314		475		(1,902,443)
Business-Type Activities: Water, sewer and garbage		1,742,539		1,766,460		1		1		23,921
Total business-type activities	ļ	1,742,539		1,766,460				4		23,921
Total primary government	∞	4,792,640	€9	2,515,329	99	398,314	4	475	≶	(1,878,522)

See accompanying notes to financial statements and independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		F	rimar	y Governmen	ıt	
		overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities	-	Total
Change in net Assets:						
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(1,902,443)	\$	23,921	\$	(1,878,522)
General Revenues						
Taxes						
Property and occupancy taxes		1,375,911		:=		1,375,911
Sales taxes		666,691		=		666,691
Interest and investment income		23,067		5		23,067
Other	-	55,115			2	55,115
Total general revenues	i -	2,120,784				2,120,784
Changes in net position		218,341		23,921		242,262
Net position - Beginning of year, as restated	9	3,285,362	-	3,356,822	8	6,642,184
Net position - Ending of year	\$	3,503,703	\$	3,380,743	\$	6,884,446

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	0,===	General	_De	ebt Service_	Go	Total vernmental Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,530,233	\$	405,460	\$	2,935,693
Receivables, net of allowance						
Grants		196,753		2		196,753
Taxes		41,092		(11,456)		29,636
Other assets		1,147				1,147
Due to water and sewer		332,278		152,295		484,573
Due from other funds	-	(497,457)		497,457	_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,604,046	\$	1,043,756	<u>\$</u>	3,647,802
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	SOURC	ES AND FUN	D EC	OUITY		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		415,022	\$	i e	\$	415,022
Wages and benefits payable		24,363	_	22		24,363
Total liabilities	_	439,385	9	2.5	_	439,385
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue- property taxes		18,181		11,456		29,637
Unavailable revenue		58,872		<u>=</u>	_	58,872
Total deferred inflows of resources		77,053		11,456	2	88,509
FUND EQUITY						
Restricted for						
Programs		196,583		=		196,583
Capital projects				-		=
Debt service		-		1,032,300		1,032,300
Unassigned		1,891,025				1,891,025
Total fund equity	-	2,087,608	5/	1,032,300	_	3,119,908
TOTAL	\$	2,604,046	\$	1,043,756	\$	3,647,802

\$ 4,729,157

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Position	on:
Amounts presented for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are di	fferent because:
Total Fund Balances - Governmental	3,119,908
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,018,473
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	77,053
Long-term liabilities on bonds and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(2,233,048)
Long-term liability on net pension, net of the deferred outflows of resources of resources pension.	(253,229)

Net position of governmental activities

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General	Del	bt Service	Go	Total vernmental Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,533,502	\$	175,568	\$	2,709,070
Receivables, net of allowance						
Grants		41,405				41,405
Taxes		39,277		(11,481)		27,796
Due to water and sewer		(2,476)		173,565		171,089
Due from other funds	-	(426,348)		426,348	_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,185,360	\$	764,000	\$	2,949,360
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOL	IRCES	AND FUND	EQU	JITY		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	80,744	\$	9,242	\$	89,986
Wages and benefits payable		100,592				100,592
Total liabilities	_	181,336		9,242	-	190,578
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue- property taxes		16,910		11,481		28,391
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,910		11,481	-	28,391
FUND EQUITY						
Restricted for						
Programs		137,642				137,642
Capital projects		137,012		4±0		107,012
Debt service		_		743,277		743,277
Unassigned		1,849,472		,		1,849,472
Total fund equity		1,987,114	_	743,277		2,730,391
TOTAL	\$	2,185,360	<u>\$</u>	764,000	\$	2,949,360

3,503,703

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Position:

Net position of governmental activities

Amounts presented for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total Fund Balances - Governmental

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

3,502,372

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.

16,910

Long-term liabilities on bonds and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.

(2,515,081)

Long-term liability on net pension, net of the deferred outflows of resources of resources pension.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	8	General	Debt Service		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Sales taxes	\$	742,742	\$	-	\$	742,742
Property and occupancy taxes		907,066	527,59	4		1,434,660
Fines and forfeits		349,108		-		349,108
Street rentals		132,223		-		132,223
Licenses and permits		165,312		•		165,312
Impound income		67,643		-		67,643
Interest income		8,190		-		8,190
Grants		676,912		.		676,912
Miscellaneous	_	23,525	-	-		23,525
Total revenues	_	3,072,721	527,59	4	_	3,600,315
EXPENDITURES						
General government		1,521,937	4,57	1		1,526,508
Public safety		374,625		÷		374,625
Streets		2,115				2,115
Culture and recreation		27,655		-		27,655
Court		161,493		Ħ		161,493
Capital outlays		777,080		E		777,080
Principal retirements		48,033	234,00	0		282,033
Interest	_	59,289		<u> </u>		59,289
Total expenditures		2,972,227	238,57	1	_	3,210,798
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		100,494	289,02	23		389,517
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	- <u>-</u> -	1,987,114	743,27	<u> 77</u>	w —	2,730,391
FUND BALANCES, Ending	<u>\$</u>	2,087,608	\$ 1,032,30	00	\$	3,119,908

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Total Governmental Funds		
Net change in fund balances- total governmental funds	\$	389,517	
Amounts reported governmental activities in the statement of activities are different			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlays of \$777,080 exceeded depreciation of (\$260,979) in the current year.		516,101	
The proceeds of debt issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the			
amount by which repayment or retirement of debt principal of \$282,033 exceeded issuing new debt (\$0).		282,033	
The change in net pension liability from year to year that is recorded through the statement of activities and the amortization of the deferred outflow (inflow) of resources related to the pension liability in the current year is \$37,803.	-	37,803	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,225,454	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Sales taxes	\$ 666,691	\$	\$ 666,691
Property and occupancy taxes	849,563	526,348	1,375,911
Fines and forfeits	459,232	e e	459,232
Street rentals	141,777		141,777
Licenses and permits	82,261		82,261
Impound income	65,555	-	65,555
Interest income	23,111	=	23,111
Grants	398,314	-	398,314
Contributions	475	=	475
Miscellaneous	55,115	<u>=</u>	55,115
Total revenues	2,742,094	526,348	3,268,442
EXPENDITURES			
General government	1,522,583	â	1,522,583
Public safety	888,676	-	888,676
Streets	634	-	634
Culture and recreation	47,197	<u>=</u>	47,197
Court	274,832	=	274,832
Capital outlays	242,565		242,565
Principal retirements	60,352	230,000	290,352
Interest	58,140	<u> </u>	58,140
Total expenditures	3,094,979	230,000	3,324,979
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(352,885)	296,348	(56,537)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning, as restated	2,339,999	446,929	2,786,928
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 1,987,114	\$ 743,277	\$ 2,730,391

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Total Governmental Funds		
Net change in fund balances- total governmental funds	\$	(56,537)	
Amounts reported governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which			
depreciation of (\$243,859) exceeded net capital outlays of \$242,565 in the current year.		(1,294)	
The proceeds of debt issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the			
amount by which repayment or retirement of debt principal of \$290,353 exceeded issuing new debt (\$0).		290,353	
The change in net pension liability from year to year that is recorded through the statement of activities and the amortization of the deferred outflow (inflow) of resources related to the pension liability in the current year is (\$14,181).		(14,181)	
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	218,341	

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
<u>ASSETS</u>	-	
Current assets	0 4 440 060	
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 1,448,962	\$ 735,508
Receivable, net of allowance	219,478	197,728
Total current assets	1,668,440	933,236
Capital Assets		
Land	13,513	13,513
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,169,511	6,306,006
Total capital assets	6,183,024	6,319,519
Deferred outflows of resources pension, net	47,086	56,018
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES	\$ 7,898,550	\$ 7,308,773
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	\$ 1,387
Wages and benefits payable	10,763	40,265
Due to other funds	484,573	171,089
Customer deposits	169,911	263,451
Notes payable, current	26,269	38,287
Bonds payable, current	120,000	120,000
Total current liabilities	811,516	634,479
Note payable, non-current	34,777	61,046
Bond paybale, non-current	2,991,720	3,106,701
Net pension liability	50,694	98,421
Deferred inflows of resources pension, net	38,216	27,383
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES	3,926,923	3,928,030
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	2,996,745	2,979,972
Unrestricted net assets	974,882	400,771
TOTAL NET POSITION	3,971,627	3,380,743
TOTAL	\$ 7,898,550	\$ 7,308,773

See accompanying notes to financial statements and independent auditor's report.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ODED ATTAIC DEVENITIES		
OPERATING REVENUES Water fees	\$ 664,039	\$ 607,411
Sewer fees	625,206	407,685
Public service	733,814	716,540
Other	12,144	34,824
Total operating revenues	2,035,203	1,766,460
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel costs	293,152	402,772
Repairs and maintenance	43,584	75,398
Depreciation and amortization	273,023	265,114
Electricity and telephone	91,978	67,236
Professional services	13,103	35,854
Public service fees	603,997	596,922
Interest expense	4,901	807
Operating supplies and other cost	120,581	298,436
Total operating expenses	1,444,319	1,742,539
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	590,884	23,921
NET POSITION, Beginning	3,380,743	3,356,822
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ 3,971,627	\$ 3,380,743

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW PROPRIETY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	1,919,913	\$	1,864,133
Cash payments to employees		(321,114)		(403,961)
Payments for interest		(4,901)		(807)
Payments for repairs and maintenance		(43,584)		(75,398)
Payments for electricity and telephone		(91,978)		(67,236)
Payments for professional services		(13,103)		(35,854)
Payments for operating supplies and other costs	-	(441,983)		(819,350)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	1,003,250		461,527
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING				
Purchase of capital assets		(136,528)		(46,311)
Issuance of new debt		12		1,211
Payment on debt		(153,268)		(156,434)
Net cash used in capital and related financing	-	(289,796)	-	(201,534)
NET INCREASE IN CASH		713,454		259,993
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT, Beginning		735,508	2	475,515
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT, Ending	\$	1,448,962	<u>\$</u>	735,508
RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS				
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income (loss)	\$	590,884	\$	23,921
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		273,023		265,114
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		(21,750)		(18,767)
Deferred outflows of resources pension		8,932		(19,638)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(30,889)		(62,993)
Due from other funds		313,484		139,001
Net pension liability		(47,727)		26,153
Customer deposits		(93,540)		116,440
Deferred inflows of resources pension	:a===	10,833	·	(7,704)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	1,003,250	\$	461,527

STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

	Deferred Com	Deferred Compensation Plan		
ASSETS	2020	2019		
Investments, at fair value	<u>\$ 371,620</u>	\$ 307,429		
Total Assets	\$ 371,620	\$ 307,429		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -		
Total Liabilities	*			
Net position, held in trust for pension benefits	<u>\$ 371,620</u>	\$ 307,429		

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

	Deferred Compensation Plan				
ADDITIONS	2020	2019			
ADDITIONS Contributions	\$ 24,814	\$ 24,597			
Investment income	68,655				
Total additions	93,469	24,597			
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits	26,367	16,696			
Investment loss	₹ <u>₽</u>	286			
Administrative expenses	2,911	525			
Total deductions	29,278	17,507			
Net increase (decrease)	64,191	7,090			
Net position - Beginning of the year	307,429	300,339			
Net position - End of the year	\$ 371,620	\$ 307,429			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Town of Anthony, Texas (the Town) is presented to assist in understanding the Town's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Town's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Town of Anthony, Texas, operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), streets, water and sewer, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and the general administrative services.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significant of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

In evaluations how to define the Town for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting in the financial reporting entity was made by applying criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 80. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

A second criterion used in evaluations potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion form the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion withing the reporting entity.

Based on the application of these criteria, the Town has no component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole excluding fiduciary activity such as employee pension plans. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and the Town's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees, fines, and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Town's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements report uses this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurements focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as sunder accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compassed absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, special assessments, sales taxes, and interests associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accruals and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Town's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Town's general revenue. Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges for services, which include revenues collected for fees and use of Town facilities, etc. (b) program-specific operating grants, which includes revenues received from state and federal sources to be used in specified within each program and grant revenue, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues from state sources to be used in capital projects (of which there are none). Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

Unavailable revenue from property taxes arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report this unavailable revenue as a deferred inflow of resources and recognize revenue in the period that the amount becomes available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expanded by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the Town to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. The basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and express in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. Net position is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

The Town reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The Town does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems.

Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperation items. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of an exchange transaction, such as (a) sales and services and (b) contracts and grants. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions such as (a) investment income and (b) miscellaneous.

Operating expenses include activities that have the characteristics of an exchange transaction, such (a) employee salaries, benefits, and related expenses; (b) utilities, supplies, and other services; (c) professional fees; (d) repairs and maintenance; (e) depreciation expenses related to Town capital assets and long-term debt. Nonoperating expenses include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as interest on capital assets-related debt that are defined as nonoperating expense. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (Continued)

The net position of the Town is reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; 3) unrestricted. Restricted net assets result from constraints placed on the use of net position when externally imposing creditors, grantors, laws, and regulations of other governments and/or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Town is required to present certain governmental funds as major based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Services Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Funds required to service current- year obligations are supplemented by the current-year earning transfers, not prior-year accumulated earnings.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of expenditures of, the clean water project.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund – The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the stated intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Fund has been supplemented significantly by grants for capital improvements.

The Town reports the following fiduciary fund:

Deferred Compensation Plan Fund - The Deferred Compensation Plan Fund is used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee for agency capacity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Town considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursement or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting funds and reduces its related cost a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on management's assessment of the collectability of specific customer accounts, the aging of the accounts receivable, historical experience, and other currently available evidence. In the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, delinquent property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on October 1st in conformity with Texas Property Tax Code. Property taxes uncollected after February 1st are considered delinquent. The taxes as an enforceable lien on property as of January 31st of the next year to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The City of El Paso Tax Assessor Collector collects property taxes for the Town. The Town is permitted by the Texas Property Code to levy taxes for general services, permanent improvements, water works, sewers, and roads, streets, and bridges. Allowances for uncollectible taxes are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

The Towns property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Town maintains infrastructure asset records consistent with all other capital assets. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective fund. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings	40-50
Infrastructure	5-40
Furniture, machinery, and equipment	3-30

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The Town has \$137,589 and \$172,663 that are included in this classification for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Deferred Inflow of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred inflows of resources. The Town has \$165,831 and \$108,817 that are included in this classification for the years ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses are comprised of the payroll expenditures based on amounts earned by the employees through September 30, 2020, along with applicable related payroll taxes and benefits. The Town provides its employees compensated absences for annual leave and sick leave, however amounts earned but not used by the employee's anniversary date are lost and not eligible to be rolled over to the following year.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. For bonds issued after GASB 34 was implemented, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. For fund financial reporting, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing source, net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds reported the following classifications of fund balance:

Non-spendable: includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed: includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose by the Company's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Town taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned: includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but which do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority. For the Town, the Chief Executive Officer has the authority to assign amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment or assignment is the approval of a motion by the council members. The motion must either be approved or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

When multiple categories of Fund Balance are available for expenditure, the Town will use funds from the most restricted category first and then from the next category in the hierarchy of available funds. The Town does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Net Position: Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets: Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position: Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted Net Position: Net position that do not meet the definition of "Restricted" or "Net Investment in Capital Assets."

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town is required by the Texas Constitution to adopt an annual balance budget. The Town officially adopts the annual budget ordinance and all project ordinances and has the authority to amend such ordinances. All budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting as required by Texas Law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net position asset or net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The Town's annual budget for the General Fund is prepared based on estimated expenditures provided on a unit basis summarized by program category. The budget for the General Fund is prepared on an accounting basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles with certain adjustments to arrive at a budgetary basis. The budget is submitted to the Town Council and the budget must have the Council's approval. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end.

The accompanying Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Funds presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

3. DEPOSITS AND COLLATERAL

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2020, the Town's bank balance was \$3,312,748, of which up to \$250,000 is insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), \$3,000,000 is pledged with a letter of credit through Vantage Bank, and the remaining is covered by pledged securities through Vantage Bank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at September 30, 2020 and 2019:

		2020	
		Allowance for Uncollectible	
	Gross	Accounts	Net
Governmental Activities			
Taxes	\$ 59,273	\$ (29,637)	\$ 29,636
Grants	196,753		196,753
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 256,026	\$ (29,637)	\$ 226,389
Business-Type Activities			
Charges for services	\$ 221,587	<u>\$ (2,109)</u>	\$ 219,478
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 221,587</u>	<u>\$ (2,109)</u>	\$ 219,478
	-	2019	
	-	Allowance for	
		Allowance for Uncollectible	
	Gross	Allowance for	Net
Governmental Activities	9 	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	
Governmental Activities Taxes	\$ 55,593	Allowance for Uncollectible	\$ 27,796
	9 	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	
Taxes	\$ 55,593	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	\$ 27,796
Taxes Grants	\$ 55,593 41,405 \$ 96,998	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts \$ (27,797) \$ (27,797)	\$ 27,796 41,405 \$ 69,201
Taxes Grants Total Governmental Activities	\$ 55,593 41,405	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts \$ (27,797)	\$ 27,796 41,405

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

5. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances are the result of normal operations and are cleared out periodically. Management intends to pay out these balances as funds are available. Interfund balance at September 30, 2020 and 2019 consisted of the following:

	2020					
	Due from Other Funds			Due to		
				ner Funds_		
General Fund:		- 1				
Capital Projects	\$	309,856	\$:24		
Debt Service		:₩:		475,035		
Debt Service:						
General Fund		475,035		-		
Water & Sewer Fund		174,717		÷		
Water & Sewer Fund:						
General Fund		-		309,856		
Debt Service		-	-	174,717		
Total	\$	959,608	\$	959,608		
Total	<u> </u>	757,000	Ψ	727,000		
		20:	19			
		20) Due from		Due to		
				Due to her Funds		
General Fund:		ue from				
General Fund: Capital Projects		ue from		her Funds 2,476		
	Ot	ue from	Otl	her Funds		
Capital Projects	Ot	ue from	Otl	her Funds 2,476		
Capital Projects Debt Service	Ot	ue from	Otl	her Funds 2,476		
Capital Projects Debt Service Debt Service:	Ot	oue from her Funds - -	Otl	her Funds 2,476		
Capital Projects Debt Service Debt Service: General Fund	Ot	oue from her Funds - - 426,348	Otl	her Funds 2,476		
Capital Projects Debt Service Debt Service: General Fund Water & Sewer Fund	Ot	oue from her Funds - - 426,348	Otl	her Funds 2,476		
Capital Projects Debt Service Debt Service: General Fund Water & Sewer Fund Water & Sewer Fund:	Ot	Pue from her Funds 426,348 173,565	Otl	her Funds 2,476		
Capital Projects Debt Service Debt Service: General Fund Water & Sewer Fund Water & Sewer Fund: General Fund	Ot	Pue from her Funds 426,348 173,565	Otl	2,476 426,348		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities as of September 30, 2020 is listed as follows:

		Balance 10/1/19	A	dditions_		nsfers/ posals		Balance 9/30/20
Capital Assets, not depreciated								
Land	\$	910,936	\$	196	\$	÷	\$	910,936
Construction in Process		940,935		365,654		=		1,306,589
Capital Assets, depreciated								
Buildings		231,518		3.5		=		231,518
Equipment and furniture		590,403		78,949		*		669,352
Parks		950,710		-		=		950,710
SIB/Spur 6		399,383		10 0 0		-		399,383
Improvements		1,737,710		129,707		2		1,867,417
Police equipment		1,623,013		202,770		-		1,825,783
Total Capital Assets	-	7,384,608	-	777,080		-	į.	8,161,688
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	\$	138,396	\$	7,788	\$	=	\$	146,184
Equipment and furniture		449,290		42,762		~		492,052
Parks		535,209		62,961		2		598,170
SIB/Spur 6		161,880		9,984		- 2		171,864
Improvements		1,194,055		60,992		a 1		1,255,047
Police equipment		1,403,406	_	76,492		. 		1,479,898
Total accumulated depreciation	, ii	3,882,236	_	260,979	()	37 ()		4,143,215
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets, net	<u>\$</u>	3,502,372	\$	516,101	\$		\$	4,018,473

Included in capital assets is \$399,383 from the Spur 6 Road Project. The Town participated in a joint construction project with the State of Texas of the construction of a road. The Town funded approximately \$400,000 of the total of approximately \$9 million; the rest was funded by the state. The \$399,383 has been capitalized as property on the Town's records, the state funding has not.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities as of September 30, 2019 is listed as follows:

		Balance			Trans			Balance
		10/1/18	_A	dditions	Disp	osals		9/30/19
Capital Assets, not depreciated								
Land	\$	910,936	\$	(2 0)	\$		\$	910,936
Construction in Process		751,853		189,082		***		940,935
Capital Assets, depreciated								
Buildings		231,518		180		÷=:		231,518
Equipment and furniture		590,403		•		-		590,403
Parks		945,849		4,861		3-3		950,710
SIB/Spur 6		399,383		.=.				399,383
Improvements		1,735,780		1,930		(=		1,737,710
Police equipment		1,576,321		46,692		1/5	-	1,623,013
Total Capital Assets	_	7,142,043	_	242,565	-	8=	5	7,384,608
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	\$	130,608	\$	7,788	\$	1	\$	138,396
Equipment and furniture		416,366		32,924		(€		449,290
Parks		472,248		62,961		=		535,209
SIB/Spur 6		151,896		9,984		¥		161,880
Improvements		1,135,282		58,773		7		1,194,055
Police equipment		1,331,977		71,429		=		1,403,406
Total accumulated depreciation		3,638,377	_	243,859		<u> </u>		3,882,236
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets, net	<u>\$</u>	3,503,666	<u>\$</u>	(1,294)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	3,502,372

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the function/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

	 2020		2019
Governmental Activities:			
General government	\$ 59,613	\$	51,692
Public Safety	76,492		71,429
Street	48,671		48,671
Culture and recreation	 76,203	-	72,067
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 260,979	\$	243,859

A summary of changes in capital assets for the business-type activity at September 30, 2020:

	Balance		Transfers/	Balance	
	10/1/19	_Additions_	Disposals	9/30/20	
Capital Assets, not depreciated Land	\$ 13,513	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,513	
Capital Assets, depreciated					
Equipment	592,426	2,551	<u>=</u>	594,977	
Water/sewer improvements	7,723,922	133,977	*	7,857,899	
Water treatment plant	3,883,663		<u>=</u> _	3,883,663	
Total capital assets	12,213,524	136,528	<u>~</u>	12,350,052	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Equipment	\$ 412,677	\$ 27,519	\$	\$ 440,196	
Water/sewer improvements	5,170,636	167,831	•	5,338,467	
Water treatment plant	310,692	77,673		388,365	
Total accumulated depreciation	5,894,005	273,023		6,167,028	
Business-Type capital					
assets, net	\$ 6,319,519	<u>\$ (136,495)</u>	\$ -	\$ 6,183,024	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the business-type activity at September 30, 2019:

	Balance 10/1/18	_Additions_	Transfers/ Disposals	Balance 9/30/19
Capital Assets, not depreciated Land	\$ 13,513	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,513
Capital Assets, depreciated				
Equipment	592,426		-	592,426
Water/sewer improvements	7,677,611	46,311	-	7,723,922
Water treatment plant	3,883,663	<u>,</u>	_	3,883,663
Total capital assets	12,167,213	46,311	·	12,213,524
Less accumulated depreciation				
Equipment	\$ 386,188	\$ 26,489	\$	\$ 412,677
Water/sewer improvements	5,009,684	160,952	28	5,170,636
Water treatment plant	233,019	77,673	<u> </u>	310,692
Total accumulated depreciation	5,628,891	265,114		5,894,005
Business-Type capital				
assets, net	\$ 6,538,322	\$ (218,803)	<u> </u>	\$ 6,319,519

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

7. LONG TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2020:

	Balance 10/1/2019			Balance 9/30/2020	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities	-				
General obligation bonds					
2012 General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds	\$ 1,028,000	\$ -	\$ 161,000	\$ 867,000	\$ 165,000
2014 Certification of Obligation	379,000	•	73,000	306,000	74,000
2016 Certification of Obligation	930,000		25,000	905,000	26,000
Total Bonds and Certificates of					
Obligation	2,337,000		259,000	2,078,000	265,000
Note payable					
Public Property Finance Contract					
2016	17,723		17,723	Ç#:	: = :
Grant Repayment Agreement	160,358	9	5,310	155,048	20,178
Lease Purchase Agreement	-	-	1.51	, <u>-</u>	•
Total Notes Payable	178,081	-	23,033	155,048	20,178
Total Notes Layable	170,001				
Total Govermental Activities	2,515,081		282,033	2,233,048	285,178
Enterprise Activities					
General obligation bonds					
2009 A General Obligation Bond	3,280,000	∋e	120,000	3,160,000	120,000
Unamortized Discount on 2009A					
Bond	(53,299)		(5,019)	(48,280)	(2,596)
Total General Obligation Bonds	3,226,701		114,981	3,111,720	117,404
Note Payable					
Public Property Finance Contract					
2015	13,544	-	13,544	=	8=
Public Property Finance Contract					
2018	85,789		24,743	61,046	26,269
Total Notes Payable	99,333	-	38,287	61,046	26,269
Total Enterprise Activities	3,326,034		153,268	3,172,766	143,673
Total	\$ 5,841,115	\$ -	\$ 435,301	\$ 5,405,814	\$ 428,851

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

7. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Balance 10/1/2018 Adjustment Re		Retired	Balance 9/30/2019	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds					
2012 General Obligation		_	1 722 323		
Refunding Bonds	\$ 1,186,000	\$ -	\$ 158,000	\$ 1,028,000	\$ 161,000
2014 Certification of Obligation	451,000	=	72,000	379,000 930,000	73,000 25,000
2016 Certification of Obligation	955,000	·—-	25,000	930,000	23,000
Total Bonds and Certificates of Obligation	2,592,000		255,000	2,337,000	259,000
Note payable					
Public Property Finance Contract					
2016	34,766	=	17,043	17,723	17,723
Grant Repayment Agreement	166,730	=	6,372	160,358	12,744
Lease Purchase Agreement	11,937		11,937		
Total Notes Payable	213,433	(35,352	178,081	30,467
Total Governmental Activities	2,805,433		290,352	2,515,081	289,467
Enterprise Activities					
General obligation bonds					
2009 A General Obligation Bond	3,400,000	<u>\$</u>	120,000	3,280,000	120,000
Unamortized Discount on 2009A	454 5 40)			(#2.400)	
Bond	(54,510)	1,211	# 1	(53,299)	
Total General Obligation Bonds	3,345,490	1,211	120,000	3,226,701	120,000
Note Payable					
Public Property Finance Contract					
2015	26,673	-	13,129	13,544	13,544
Public Property Finance Contract 2018	109,094		23,305	85,789	24,743
	135,767	+	36,434	99,333	38,287
Total Notes Payable	133,707				30,207
Total Enterprise Activities	3,481,257	1,211	156,434	3,326,034	<u>158,287</u>
Total	\$ 6,286,690	\$ 1,211	\$ 446,786	\$ 5,841,115	\$ 447,754

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

7. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds

2009A Series General Obligation Bond

On December 11, 2009, the Town received \$3,927,344 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A to be used in the clean water project. This is net of \$4,000,000 issued with a discount of \$72,656. As this is a non-interest-bearing tax-exempt obligation the discount is amortized as interest expense.

The annual requirements to service the 2009A Series General Obligation Bonds included in the Governmental Activities is as follows:

Year ended	ъ	rincipal	Tw	iterest		Total	
September 30,							
2021	\$	120,000	\$	2,596	\$	122,596	
2022		120,000		2,596		122,596	
2023		145,000		2,596		147,596	
2024		145,000		2,596		147,596	
2025		145,000		2,596		147,596	
2026 - 2030		775,000		12,980		787,980	
2031 - 2035		950,000		12,980		962,980	
2036 - 2039	=	760,000		9,340		769,340	
Total	\$	3,160,000	\$	48,280	\$	3,208,280	

2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On September 18, 2012, the Town issued \$2,057,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 with an average interest rate of 2.46% to refund \$2,009,000 of Series 2010 with and average interest rate of 6.25%. The net proceeds from the Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were \$2,009,000; after payment of \$48,000 in cost of issuance, these proceeds and an additional \$8,103 were used to pay on September 18, 2012, full redemption price of, including principal and accumulated interest on the 2010 Series General Obligation Bonds. As a result, the 2010 Series Obligations were deceased and the liabilities for those obligations have been removed from the government wide statement of net position. The Town maintains an interest and sinking fund that is pledged as collateral against this bond.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

7. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Continued)

The annual requirements to service the 2012 Series General Obligation Refunding Bonds included in the Governmental Activities is as follows:

Year ended September 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest	 Total
2021	\$	165,000	\$	21,328	\$ 186,328
2022		170,000		17,270	187,270
2023		173,000		13,086	186,086
2024		177,000		8,832	185,832
2025	-	182,000	-	4,478	 186,478
Total	\$	867,000	\$	64,994	\$ 931,994

2014 Series, Combination Tax Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation

On August 26, 2014, the Town received \$735,000 of Combination Tax Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2014 to be used in the waterworks and sewer system, with an average interest rate of 1.275%. The net proceeds from this loan were \$679,157, net of \$55,843 of bond issuance costs. The certificate of obligation is secured by pledge of surplus revenues. The Town maintains an escrow account that is pledged as collateral until the principal and interest on the certificate has been paid.

The annual requirements to service the 2014 Series Combination Tax Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation included in the Governmental Activities is as follows:

Year ended September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$	74,000	\$	5,656	\$	79,656
2022		76,000		4,263		80,263
2023		77,000		2,672		79,672
2024		79,000		916	-	79,916
Total	\$	306,000	\$	13,507	\$	319,507

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

7. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

2016 Series Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificate of Obligation

On January 19, 2017, the Town received \$980,000 of Combination Tax Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2016 to be used in the waterworks and sewer system, with an average interest rate of 2.77% The net proceeds from this loan were \$915,705, net of \$64,295 of bond issuance costs. The certificate of obligation is secured by pledge of surplus revenues. The Town maintains an escrow account that is pledged as collateral until the principal and interest on the certificate has been paid.

The annual requirements to service the 2016 Series Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation included in the Governmental Activities is as follows:

Year ended September 30,	<u>Principal</u>		1	Interest		Total	
2021	\$	26,000	\$	23,470	\$	49,470	
2022		26,000		23,102		49,102	
2023		26,000		22,689		48,689	
2024		27,000		22,218		49,218	
2025		27,000		21,694		48,694	
2026 - 2030		147,000		98,962		245,962	
2031 - 2035		166,000		79,237		245,237	
2036 - 2040		190,000		54,332		244,332	
2041 - 2045		222,000		24,117		246,117	
2046		48,000	-	720		48,720	
Total	\$	905,000	\$	370,541	<u>\$</u>	1,275,541	

The right to accelerate the debt is not permitted by for any of the certificates noted above.

Notes Payable

Grant Repayment Loan

During fiscal year 2011, it was determined that a grant requirement was not met and that a portion of this grant in the amount of \$254,876 would need to be repaid over a period of 20 years. This is an interest free loan; therefore, imputed interest was calculated with an effective interest rate of 4%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

7. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Notes Payable (Continued)

Grant Repayment Loan (Continued)

The Town's debt payments on the loan will be as follows:

Year ended						
September 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest		Total
2021	\$	20,178	\$	-	\$	20,178
2022		12,744		-		12,744
2023		12,744		-		12,744
2024		12,744		-		12,744
2025		12,744		-		12,744
2026 - 2030		63,720		-		63,720
2031 - 2032	Y	20,174	-		12	20,174
Total	\$	155,048	\$	<u> </u>	\$	155,048

Public Property Finance Contract 2015

During fiscal year 2015, a backhoe was purchased in the amount of \$85,600 of which \$64,600 was financed through a note payable. The note has annual payments of \$13,971 including interest of 3.155% starting March 2016. The Town's debt payments on this loan were paid in full at September 30, 2020.

Public Property Finance Contract 2016

During fiscal year 2016, the Town entered into a loan agreement to purchase equipment for \$84,420. The loan is payable annually beginning January 2016 at 3.831% for 5 years. The annual payments, including interest are \$18,430. The Town's debt payments on this loan were paid in full at September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

7. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Notes Payable (Continued)

Public Property Finance Contract 2018

During fiscal year 2018, an asphalt zipper was purchased in the amount of \$125,680 and was financed through a note payable. There are no assets pledged as collateral for debt. The Town's outstanding note from direct borrowings of \$61,046 contain a subjective acceleration clause that allows the lender to accelerate payment of the entire principal amount to become immediately due if they default on loan payments. The note is payable monthly beginning January 2018 at 6.0% for 5 years.

Year ended September 30,	Pı	rincipal	Ir	iterest		Total
2021	\$	26,269	\$	2,948	\$	29,217
2022		27,889		1,328		29,217
2022	_	6,888	-	70	-	6,958
Total	\$	61,046	\$	4,346	\$	65,392

For the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Town did not have any lines of credit.

8. OPERATING LEASES

The Town has an operating lease on a copier under a long-term operating lease. Future minimum payments under this operating lease are as follows:

Year ended	
September 30,	_Amount_
2021	\$ 3,751
Total	\$ 3,751

Rental expense for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, included in the Statements of Activities, totaled \$9,550 and \$8,634, respectively, which included additional charges for excess copies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

All full-time employees of the Town of Anthony may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and defer taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated financial institution. Under the terms of IRC Section 457, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment of the deferred compensation amounts held by the financial institution, until paid or made available to the employees or beneficiaries, are the property of the Town subject only to the claims of the Town's general creditors. In addition, the participants in the plan have rights equal to his or her share of the market value of the plan assets. The Town believes that it is unlikely that plan assets will be needed to satisfy possible claims from general creditors.

As part of its fiduciary role, the Town has an obligation of due care in selecting the third-party administrator. In the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, the Town has acted in a prudent manner and is not liable for losses that may arise from the administration of the plan.

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description

The Town of Anthony participated as one of 872 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the Town are required to participate in TMRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the Town, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Pension benefits are provided to all of the Town's full-time employees, with the exception of firefighters. The matching ratio (Town to Employee) is 1-1 and a member is considered vested after 5 years of service. Members can retire at age 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest and the town-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

	Municipal			Restricted			
Employee	Current		Service	Prior	Supp. Death	Supp. Death	
Deposit	Matching	Vesting	Retirement	Service	Benefits-	Benefits-	Cont.
Rate	Ratio	Requirement	Eligibilites	Credit	Employees	Reitees	Members
5%	1:01	5 Years	5 Yrs/Age 60, 20 Yrs/ Any	12-05	X	X	36
			age				

Employees covered by benefit terms

At December 31, 2019 and 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following number of employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2019	2018
Inactive employees or beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	9	7
Inactive employees entitled to		
but not yet receiving benefits	21	23
Active employees	<u>35</u>	31
Total	65	61

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the Town matching percentages are either 100%, 150% or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the town. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each town is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. This match is funded with monthly contributions by the participating municipality at an annual, actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. A municipality may elect to increase or reduce its matching ratio effective January 1 of a calendar year.

Employees for the Town of Anthony were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the Town were 3.34% and 3.12% in calendar years 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Town's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$36,039 and \$34,937, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	2019	2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years	27 Years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor	10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation.	3.50% to 10.5% including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rated that	Experience-based table of rated that
	are specific to the Town's plan of	are specific to the Town's plan of
	benefits. Last updated for the 2019	benefits. Last updated for the 2015
	valuation pursuant to an experience	valuation pursuant to an experience
Daff - man lider	study if the period 2014-2018 Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal	study if the period 2010-2014 RP2000 Combined Mortality Table
Mortality	Retirees of Texas Mortality tables.	with Blue Collar Adjustment with
	The rates are projected on a fully generaltional basis with scale UMP.	male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and
	Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality	projected on a fully generational basis
	tables, with the Public Safety table	with scale BB.
	used for males and the General	
	Employee table used for females. The	
	rates are projected on a fully	
	generaltional basis with scale UMP.	

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation was developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. It was adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation was based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rated, and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rated of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	17.50%	4.55%
International Equity	17.50%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	4.15%
Real Return	10.00%	4.15%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.75%
Absolute Return	10.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	7.75%
	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate is used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75% as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. The long-term municipal bond rate of 2.75% and 3.71% was incorporated in the discount rate and was based on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 as this is the weekly rate closest to but no later than the measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rated specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

]			Increase (Decrease)			
		Total Pension		iduciary	Net Pension		
		Liability	N	et Pension		ility/(Asset)	
	,	(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances as of December 31, 2018	\$	1,519,345	\$	1,154,824	\$	364,521	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		77,706				77,706	
Interest on total pension liability		101,951		3 5		101,951	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		(6,129)		0.55		(6,129)	
Employer contributions		-		36,039		(36,039)	
Employee contribution		ē		60,331		(60,331)	
Change in assumption		2,743		19		2,743	
Benefit payments		(95,626)		(95,626)		¥	
Administrative expenses		: 		(1,009)		1,009	
Net investment income		02		178,650		(178,650)	
Other	18	<u> </u>	-	(30)		30	
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	1,599,990	\$	1,333,179	\$	266,811	
Balances as of December 31, 2017	\$	1,423,680	\$	1,174,481	\$	249,199	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		73,339		-		73,339	
Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and		96,042				96,042	
actual experience		1,291		-		1,291	
Employer contributions		-		34,937		(34,937)	
Employee contribution		=		56,328		(56,328)	
Benefit payments		(75,007)		(75,007)		=	
Administrative expenses		=		(680)		680	
Net investment income		-		(35,200)		35,200	
Other		=	-	(35)	-	35	
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	1,519,345	\$	1,154,824	\$	364,521	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.75%) in measuring the 2019 and 2018 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)		Discount Rate (6.75%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)	
				2019		
Total net pension liability	\$	492,966	\$	266,811	\$	81,040
				2018		
Total net pension liability	\$	594,123	\$	364,521	\$	177,797

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2020, the Town reported its deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	37,195	\$	1,119	
Changes in assumptions		=		14,703	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings		109,454		68,687	
Changes in proportionate share		19,182		19,182	
Contributions made subsequent to					
measurement date	3 0	<u>=</u>	×	33,898	
	\$	165,831	\$	137,589	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

10. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

At September 30, 2019, the Town reported its deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and	115			
actual experience	\$	46,280	\$	1,714
Changes in assumptions		∂ ₩		19,984
Net difference between projected and		ł.		
actual earnings		43,257		103,335
Changes in proportionate share		19,280		19,280
Contributions made subsequent to				
measurement date	-	.75	-	28,350
	\$	108,817	\$	172,663

The \$33,898 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability or increase in net pension asset for the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Amount		
2020	\$	(18,367)	
2021		(20,856)	
2022		(2,041)	
2023		(20,645)	
2024		(231)	
Total	\$	(62,140)	

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$39,140.

Payable to the Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Town did not report a payable for an outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

11. FUND BALANCE

Fund balances in the governmental funds are classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned in accordance with GASB 54.

Non-spendable fund balance is in a form that is not able to be spent i.e., inventory and prepaid assets. The Town does not have a non-spendable balance as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Restricted fund balances are amounts that are restricted to a specific purpose when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments.

The following amounts are classified as restricted as of September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	9	2020	2019		
Debt Service	\$	1,032,300	\$	743,277	
Hotel/ Motel	V.	196,583	-	137,642	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,228,883	\$	880,919	

Committed funds are amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town's highest level of decision-making authority is the Town Council. Debt service fund balance in excess of that required to be held in interest and sinking is considered committed. The were no committed funds as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Assigned funds are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Mayor and the Town Clerk have the authority to assign amounts. Cash received from reimbursement grants are assigned by management to pay additional expenditures related to the grant. The Town had no assigned funds as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual fund balance. Unassigned fund balance for governmental activities are \$1,891,025 and \$1,849,472 as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

12. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are assessed as of October 1, and may be paid in two installments, due January 31 and June 30. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, all taxes received within sixty days of year end were considered by the Town to be collectible within the current period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

12. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes.

During 2020, the Town is permitted by the Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed property valuation. The tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$.681647 per \$100, which means that the Town has a tax margin of approximately \$0.82 per \$100 and could thus theoretically raise up to \$1,648,043 of additional tax revenue annually, based on the year ended September 30, 2020 assessed valuation of \$201,385,322 before this limit is reached.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks and loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions' injuries and natural disasters. The Town is a participant in an intergovernmental risk pool for its worker's compensation, liability, and property insurance. Participants in this pool are required to pay "premiums" on the insurance selected. Should a loss occur, the Town is liable only for the deductible. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage.

14. HEALTH INSURANCE

The Town offers health insurance to its full-time employees with an option to have payroll deductions for additional coverage for family members.

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

From time to time, the Town may enter into transactions with related parties through the normal course of business. If a Council member has a conflict of interest, proper documentation is completed, and he/she is required to abstain from any discussion or voting regarding the matter. Management is not aware of any material related party transactions that occurred during the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

16. BUDGET OVERAGES

As of September 30, 2020, the comparison between the budget and actual expenditures for the general fund was unfavorable in the amount of \$225,132 and favorable for the proprietary fund of \$452,101.

As of September 30, 2019, the comparison between the budget and actual expenditures for the general fund was unfavorable in the amount of \$992,529 and favorable for the proprietary fund of \$20,361.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

17. CONTINGENCIES

During the normal course of business, the Town is subject to various legal claims. As of September 30, 2020, management is not aware of any such claims which would have a material adverse effect on the financial statements, and therefore no liability was accrued at September 30, 2020.

The Town participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charges to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent the Town has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required.

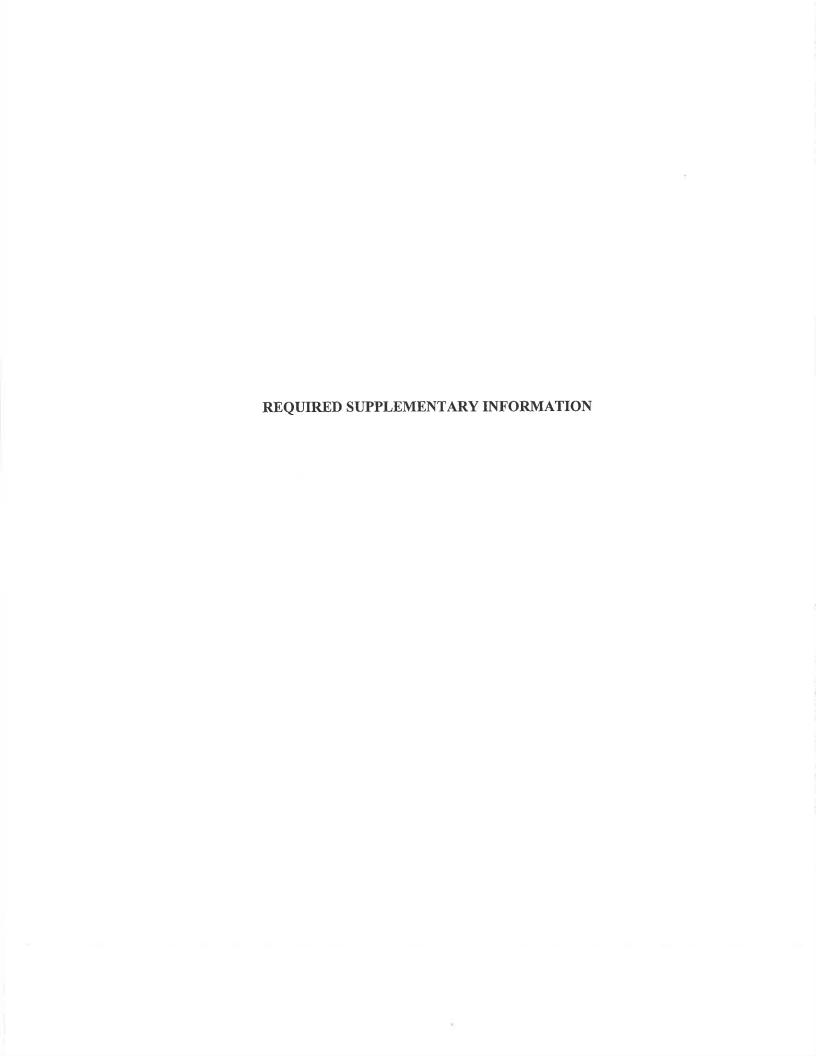
18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2022, which is the date the financial statement was available to be issued.

In December 2019, a novel strain of a coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) was reported to have surfaced in China. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic of the novel coronavirus and the disease it causes, coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19). Most of our services were under the government mandated closures. The spread of this virus has caused business disruptions to the Town. We are monitoring developments and following guidelines set by the Local, State and Federal Governments so we may continue to serve safely. However, the extent of the impact of the pandemic on the Town will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and length and extent of guidance and requirements issued by governments; all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicated at the time.

19. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ending September 30, 2020, an error was discovered where two escrow accounts relating to two previously issued bonds had not been recorded resulting in an understatement of cash and net position in the governmental fund. Accordingly, an adjustment of \$1,260,100 was made to increase cash and net position in the governmental fund as of January 1, 2019, which is reflected in the beginning governmental fund balance.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

4						
					VARIANCE -	
		FINAL		ACTUAL	FAVORABLE	
	BUDGET		(G	AAP BASIS)	(UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES						
Sales taxes	\$	641,150	\$	742,742	\$ 101,592	
Property and occupancy taxes		1,271,510		907,066	(364,444)	
Fines and forfeits		421,150		349,108	(72,042)	
Street rentals		132,015		132,223	208	
Licenses and permits		69,180		165,312	96,132	
Impound Income		39,100		67,643	28,543	
Interest income		*		8,190	8,190	
Contributions		650			(650)	
Grants		144,470		676,912	532,442	
Miscellaneous		27,870		23,525	(4,345)	
Total revenues	-	2,747,095	n	3,072,721	325,626	
EXPENDITURES						
General government		1,351,150		2,347,050	(995,900)	
Public safety		1,077,395		374,625	702,770	
Streets		19,000		2,115	16,885	
Culture and recreation		68,410		27,655	40,755	
Court		231,140		161,493	69,647	
Interest	, -1 _			59,289	(59,289)	
Total expenditures		2,747,095		2,972,227	(225,132)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	100,494	\$ 100,494	
FUND BALANCES, Beginning				1,987,114		
FUND BALANCES, Ending			\$	2,087,608		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

					VAR	IANCE -
		FINAL		ACTUAL	FAVORABLE	
	F	BUDGET	(GA	AAP BASIS)	(UNFAV	ORABLE)
REVENUES						
Sales taxes	\$	661,100	\$	666,691	\$	5,591
Property and occupancy taxes		746,000		849,563		103,563
Fines and forfeits		323,000		459,232		136,232
Street rentals		172,000		141,777		(30,223)
Licenses and permits		50,000		82,261		32,261
Impound Income		35,000		65,555		30,555
Interest income		S =1 ;		23,111		23,111
Contributions				475		475
Grants		54,000		398,314		344,314
Miscellaneous	_	61,350		55,115		(6,235)
Total revenues		2,102,450		2,742,094	_	639,644
EXPENDITURES						
General government		1,894,533		1,825,500		69,033
Public safety		59,417		888,676		(829,259)
Streets		12		634		(634)
Culture and recreation		55,000		47,197		7,803
Court		93,500		274,832		(181,332)
Interest	-	*		58,140	,	(58,140)
Total expenditures		2,102,450	_	3,094,979		(992,529)
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	(352,885)	\$	(352,885)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning				2,339,999		
FUND BALANCES, Ending			\$	1,987,114		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		FINAL	ACTU (GAA	ΛP	FAV	UANCE - ORABLE
	1	BUDGET	BASI	S)	(UNFA	VORABLE)
OPERATING REVENUES						
Water fees	\$	1,896,420	\$ 664	1,039	\$	(1,232,381)
Sewer fees	-			5,206	•	625,206
Public service		_		3,814		733,814
Other		_		2,144		12,144
Total operating revenues	_	1,896,420	2,035		-	138,783
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel costs		376,210	293	3,152		83,058
Repairs and maintenance		60,000		3,584		16,416
Depreciation and amortization				3,023		(273,023)
Electricity and telephone		86,500		1,978		(5,478)
Professional services		16,500		3,103		3,397
Public service fees		585,000	603	3,997		(18,997)
Interest expense		3=3	4	1,901		(4,901)
Operating supplies and other cost		772,210	120	0,581		651,629
Total operating expenses	ş <u> </u>	1,896,420	1,444	4,319		452,101
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$	<u> </u>	590	0,884	\$	590,884
NET POSITION, Beginning			3,380	0,743		
NET POSITION, Ending			\$ 3,97	1,627		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	FINAL		CTUAL GAAP	ARIANCE - AVORABLE
	UDGET		BASIS)	FAVORABLE)
OPERATING REVENUES				
Water fees	\$ 602,900	\$	607,411	\$ 4,511
Sewer fees	422,000		407,685	(14,315)
Public service	710,000		716,540	6,540
Other	 28,000		34,824	6,824
Total operating revenues	1,762,900	-	1,766,460	3,560
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel costs	442,070		402,772	39,298
Repairs and maintenance	101,500		75,398	26,102
Depreciation and amortization	120		265,114	(265,114)
Electricity and telephone	100,000		67,236	32,764
Professional services	49,500		35,854	13,646
Public service fees	570,000		596,922	(26,922)
Interest expense	197		807	(807)
Operating supplies and other cost	 499,830		298,436	 201,394
Total operating expenses	1,762,900		1,742,539	20,361
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	\$ 		23,921	\$ 23,921
NET POSITION, Beginning		·	3,356,822	
NET POSITION, Ending		\$	3,380,743	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS - TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Texas Municipal	Retirement Syste	<u>em</u>		
	Plan Year Ended 12/31/19	Plan Year Ended 12/31/18	Plan Year Ended 12/31/17	Plan Year Ended 12/31/16	Plan Year Ended 12/31/15
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY					
Service Cost	\$ 77,706	\$ 73,339	\$ 79,100	\$ 79,620	\$ 79,549
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Difference between expected and	101,951	96,042	91,360	89,094	81,884
actual experience	(6,129)	1,291	(21,163)	(58,122)	(6,534)
Changes in assumptions	2,743	2	-	2	50,032
Benefit payments, inlcuding refunds					
of employee contributions	(95,626)	(75,007)	(79,085)	(74,454)	(35,199)
Net change in total pension liability	80,645	95,665	70,212	36,138	169,732
Total pension liability - beginning	1,519,345	1,423,680	1,353,468	1,317,330	1,147,598
Total pension liability - ending	1,599,990	1,519,345	1,423,680	1,353,468	1,317,330
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION					
Employer contributions	36,039	34,937	38,002	34,352	36,511
Employee contributions	60,331	56,328	61,034	62,010	64,049
Net investment income	178,650	(35,200)	140,667	62,934	1,276
Benefit payments, including refunds	: 2 8				
of employee contributions	(95,626)	(75,007)	(79,085)	(74,454)	(35,199)
Administrative expenses	(1,009)	(680)	(729)	(710)	(777)
Other	(30)	(35)	(37)	(38)	(39)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	178,355	(19,657)	159,852	84,094	65,821
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,154,824	1,174,481_	1,014,629	930,535	864,714
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	1,333,179	1,154,824	1,174,481	1,014,629	930,535
Net pension liability/(asset), ending	\$ 266,811	\$ 364,521	\$ 249,199	\$ 338,839	\$ 386,795
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.32%	76.01%	82.50%	74.97%	70.64%
Covered - employee payroll	1,206,620	1,126,564	1,220,687	1,240,191	1,280,975
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	22.11%	32.36%	20.41%	27.32%	30.20%

GASB 68, paragraph 46 requires that the information on this schedule be presented for the Plan's measurement year (January 1 - December 31) as proposed to the Town's fiscal year.

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138 - "The information for all periods for the 10 year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Fiscal Yea	ar Ending Septen	mber 30,	
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 44,762	\$ 38,463	\$ 36,914	\$ 36,982	\$ 36,511
actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	44,762	38,463	36,914	36,982	36,511
Covered payroll	\$ 1,387,648	\$ 1,367,684	\$ 1,239,287	\$ 1,222,222	\$ 1,280,975
Contributions as a percentage of Covered payroll	3.23%	2.81%	2.98%	3.03%	2.85%

GASB 68, paragraph 46 requires that the information on this schedule be presented for the Town's fiscal year (October 1 - September 30).

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138 - "The information for all periods for the 10 year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Town of Anthony, Texas, adopts an annual operating budget that includes a complete financial plan for the fiscal year. A proposed budget is presented to the Town Council on or by September 30. The Town Council adopts the final budget by this date, after a series of public workshops and public hearings have been held. Once adopted, the budget can be amended, only after presented and approved by the Town Council.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Town's budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

Departure from the Prescribed Guidelines

The following material departure from the prescribed guidelines exist for the budgetary comparison information:

The Final Budget includes only the general fund. The Town was unable to produce support documentation for the debt service budget.

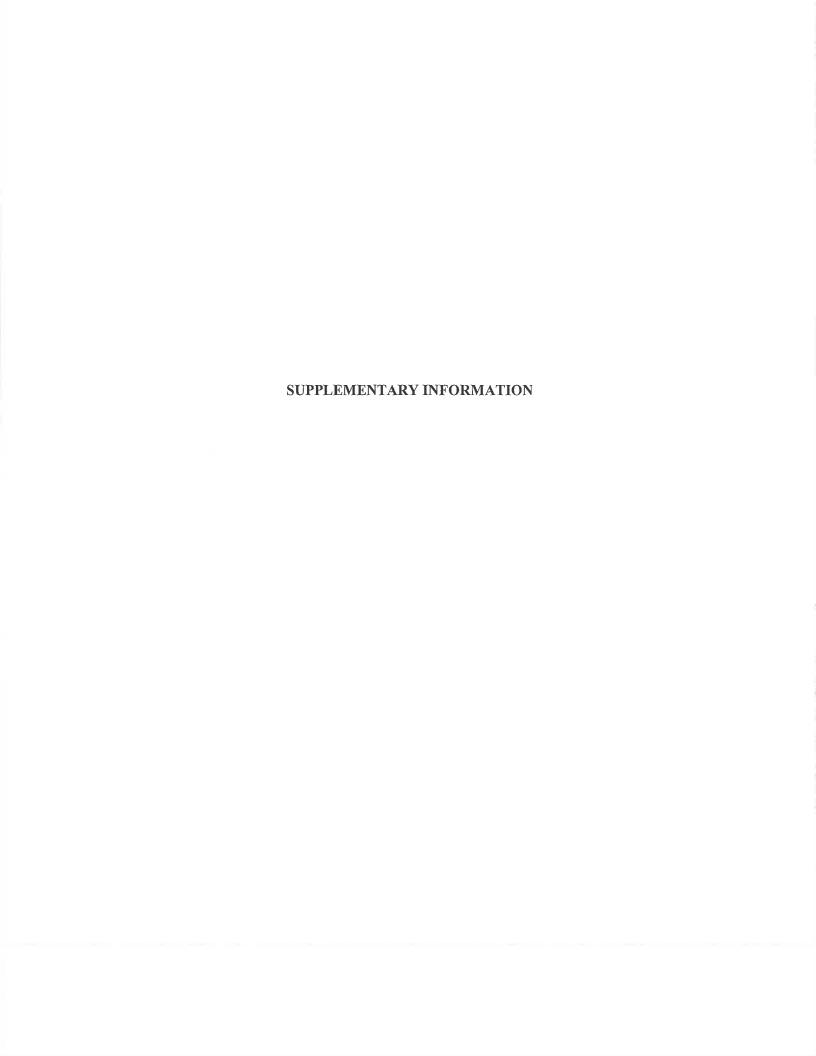
Excess (Deficiency) Expenditures Over Appropriations

The general fund earned excess revenue over appropriations, resulting in a net overall favorable variance of \$100,494 at September 30, 2020, when comparing revenues and expenditures to the final budget. The general fund incurred excess expenditures over appropriations for several functions, resulting in a net overall unfavorable variance of \$352,885 at September 30, 2019, when comparing revenues and expenditures to the final budget.

The proprietary fund did not incur excess expenditures over appropriations for several functions resulting in a net overall favorable variance of \$590,884 and \$23,921 at September 30, 2020 and 2019, when comparing revenues and expenditures to the final budget.

2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

The actuarial assumptions used for the total pension liability calculation as of December 31, 2020 did not change from December 31, 2019 with the exception of the remaining amortization period as noted on footnote number 10 on page 55.





RENE D. PEÑA, CPA CRISTINA A. SALAZAR, CPA MELISA COTA GUEVARA, CPA

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 4171 N. MESA, SUITE B100 EL PASO, TEXAS 79902-1498 PHONE: 915-542-1733

FAX: 915-544-5440 E-MAIL: cpa@cpaelpaso.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Anthony, Texas Anthony, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund information of Town of Anthony, Texas (the Town) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Anthony, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Anthony, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Anthony, Texas's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies, in internal control that we consider to material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses. Refer to 2020-001, 2020-002, and 2020-003.

A significant deficiency is deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as significant deficiencies. Refer to 2020-005.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-004, 2020-005, and 2020-006.

Town of Anthony, Texas's Response to Findings

The Town of Anthony, Texas's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Peno Brones M2 Varied ~ Cor March 31, 2022

El Paso, TX



RENE D. PEÑA, CPA CRISTINA A. SALAZAR, CPA MELISA COTA GUEVARA, CPA

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

4171 N. MESA, SUITE B100 EL PASO, TEXAS 79902-1498 PHONE: 915-542-1733

FAX: 915-544-5440

E-MAIL: cpa@cpaelpaso.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Anthony, Texas Anthony, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Town of Anthony, Texas's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Town of Anthony, Texas's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. Town of Anthony, Texas's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Town of Anthony, Texas's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Town of Anthony, Texas's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Town of Anthony, Texas's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Town of Anthony, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-006 and 2020-007. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Town of Anthony, Texas's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Town of Anthony, Texas's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Town of Anthony, Texas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Town of Anthony, Texas's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Anthony, Texas's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identity certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance,

described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-006 and 2020-007, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Town of Anthony, Texas's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Town of Anthony, Texas's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Peña Briones McDouil a Co El Paso, Texas March 31, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantors Award Number	Direct Awards	Pass-Through Awards	Total	Subrecipient Expenditures
Executive Office of the President-Office of National Drug Control Policy Direct Programs: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program Total Executive Office of the President	95.001 95.001		\$ 46,802 64,430 6,301 117,533	69	\$ 46,802 64,430 6,301 117,533	€9 L L
Department of Housing and Urban Development Pass-Through: Texas Department of Agriculture Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	14.228 14.228	7219001		150,096 21,148 171,244	150,096 21,148 171,244	
U.S. Department of Treasury Pass-Through: County of El Paso Coronavirus Relief Fund Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.019	2020-0532		23,789	23,789	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Pass-through: Texas Office of the Governor Homeland Security Grant Program * Homeland Security Grant Program * Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.067	3007304		98,005 95,298 193,303	98,005 95,298 193,303	

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantors Award Number	Direct Awards	Pass-Through Awards	Total	Subrecipient Expenditures
Environmental Protection Agency Pass-through: Texas Water Development Board Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds- ARRA *	66.468	L1000269	9	306,000	306,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Environmental Protection			1	306,000	306,000	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 117,533	\$ 694,336	8 811,869	59

^{*} Major Program

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Town of Anthony, Texas and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town has not elected to use the 10 percent minimum indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. CONTINGENCIES

The entity had in effect for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the following insurance coverage:

Property	\$ 2,000,000
Employment Practices	\$ 3,000,000
General Liability	\$ 2,000,000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results
Financial Statements
Type of auditor's report issued: Qualified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(es) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? X Yes No X Yes none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X Yes No
Federal Awards
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(es) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X No X Yes none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: <u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?
Identification of major programs:
CFDA NumbersName of Federal Program or Cluster97.067Homeland Security Grant Program66.468Texas Water Development Board Series 2014 Bond
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000
Town of Anthony, Texas qualified as a low-risk auditee Yes_X_No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Current Year

Finding 2020-001 - 2020-006

Prior Year

Findings 2019-001-2020-007

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

Current Year

Finding 2020-006 and 2020-007

Prior Year Findings

None

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2020-001 (2019-001, 2018-001, 2017-001, 2016-002, 2015-002 and 2014-002) Internal Control over Financial Reporting – Reconciliations: Lack of accurate information in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria:</u> The Town of Anthony, Texas, is required to maintain internal controls over financial reporting to provide a high level of assurance that the financial records are recorded properly and that related financial reports are presented properly. Materially accurate internal reports on budgetary, financial position and daily transactions should be prepared monthly and reconciled to the underlying support.

<u>Condition:</u> As noted in prior years, the Town did not reconcile all accounts and funds throughout the year and as such significant adjustments were required.

<u>Cause</u>: There has been turnover in the position of Town Clerk and Accountant and monthly reconciliation procedures have not been performed for all necessary account in a timely manner. In addition, the Town of Anthony, TX does not utilize a fund accounting software, because of this, different companies were set up in QuickBooks to accommodate different funds. The Town transition from a desktop version to an online version and because of this, the water and sewer fund was not transferred, and transactions were not recorded throughout the fiscal year. Additionally, the water and sewer billing software was not integrated into the accounting system and manual entries are required to record the activity. The support for accounts receivable on water services and grants were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis. No inventory nor list of property, plant and equipment was maintained or updated during the year. Certain liability accounts were not reconciled to the trial balance on a monthly basis.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town operated with inadequate controls over several aspects for the financial operations which resulted in general ledger accounts not being accurately reconciled throughout the year. Numerous adjustments were required at year end. Whenever accurate monthly financial reports are not consistently prepared and presented, poor financial decisions and overspending can occur.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The Town should implement procedures and assign staff to prepare monthly reconciliations of all necessary general ledger accounts to supporting documentation to ensure that the data is correct and properly reported for all funds. Review and oversight of *accounting* matters should be maintained monthly to ensure adequate financial statements are prepared.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-002 (2019-002, 2018-002, 2017-002) Internal Control over Cash Disbursements (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria</u>: Adequate internal controls of any entity include controls over the purchase of goods and services including authorization, approval, and review. All purchases should be approved before the purchase is incurred and part of the disbursement cycle should include a review by the appropriate personnel for adequate documentation, reasonableness, and evidence the Town received the goods and/or services.

<u>Condition:</u> During the course of our audit, we noted numerous instances where disbursements were processed without proper documentation or approval and/or no supporting documentation.

<u>Cause:</u> The Town does not have written procedures and controls for the procurement and cash disbursement cycle.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town may have paid for services or goods that were not approved, reviewed, received, or authorized in a timely or proper manner. To mitigate the chance of misuse of funds, further investigation was necessary to verify proper use of disbursements.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend the Town document and implement procedures and controls which require appropriate procurement methods, including authorization and review of all supporting documentation (prior authorization, purchase order, proof of receiving goods, invoice, etc.) by the appropriate personnel prior to any payment being processed.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-003 (2019-003, 2018-004, 2017-004) Internal Control over Journal Entries (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria:</u> The Town is required to maintain internal controls over financial reporting to provide a high level of assurance that the financial records are recorded properly, and that adequate documentation is maintained to support all transactions recorded.

<u>Condition</u>: During the course of our audit, we noted several instances where large journal entries were processed and recorded in order to adjust the balance at year end to support or to remove old outstanding balances. In addition, journal entries are processed and recorded without proper documentation or approval and/or no supporting documentation at all.

Cause: The Town has not adopted procedures over recording journal entries.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town operated with inadequate controls over journal entries. As a result, inappropriate entries could have been posted to the general ledger.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the Town implement procedures for the review and approval of journal entries. The procedures should include proper maintaining of all supporting documentation for journal entries and management should ensure monthly reconciliation occur to prevent large adjustments at year end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-004 (2019-006, 2018-007, 2017-008) State Compliance: Public Funds Investment Act

<u>Criteria:</u> The Town is required to comply with the Public Funds Investment Act, Government Code 2256.

<u>Condition</u>: The Town has not adopted an investment policy and as such, do not have a list of qualified brokers authorized to engage in investment transactions with the Town. The Town has not reviewed or adopted a list in FY 2020. Required training was not completed and quarterly investment reports were not presented to Council.

<u>Cause:</u> The funds subject to the Public Funds Investment Act relate to the money in escrow that the Town received from the Texas Water Development Board for the wastewater construction project. The Town has experienced turnover and current management was unaware that the Act applied to these funds.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town is not in compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, Government Code 2256 and therefore, not fulfilling its fiduciary duty in its entirety.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend the Town adopt a formal Investment policy and renew it annually. The policy should formally appoint the investment officer serving you. The policy should identify who reviews the Public Funds Investment Act in its entirety to ensure future compliance with the Act. The investment policy should list qualified brokers authorized to engage in investment transactions with the Town needs. The investment officer should prepare quarterly investment reports with all the required financial data and verification from authorized brokers that they have received, reviewed, and complied with the Town's investment policy.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-005 (2019-007, 2018-008, 2017-009) Financial Statement Preparation: Internal Control over financial reporting- Significant Deficiency

<u>Criteria</u>: Government Auditing Standards requires that a significant deficiency in internal controls be reported when an entity does not have the ability to report financial data in accordance with GAAP.

<u>Condition:</u> Like other entities with limited resources in its Finance Department, the Town relies on the external auditor to prepare the annual financial audit report. As a result of this, an internal financial statement was not timely prepared or reviewed by management.

<u>Cause</u>: The Town has had significant difficulties in retaining both a city administrator and chief accountant who have had the capacity to prepare and analyze financial reports. This problem is exacerbated due to the fact that the Towns budget and control of expenditures did not provide for adequate budget in this area.

<u>Effect:</u> The Government Auditing Standards Board believes this situation could result in a stronger possibility that misstatements of the financial statements may not be prevented or detected in a timely manner.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend that the Town put in place the appropriate personnel who are capable of administering a financial budget and reporting the data correctly.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

2020-006 (2019-004, 2018-005, 2017-006) Grant Compliance

<u>Criteria:</u> For municipalities receiving funding from the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB), annual audited financial reports are required to be submitted within 180 days after year end.

<u>Condition:</u> The Town did not submit its 2020 annual audit financial report within the allocated time frame.

Cause: Due to turnover in personnel at the Town, the audit was not completed before the deadline.

Effect: The Town is not in compliance with the grant agreement with TWDB.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend the Town hire the necessary personnel to oversee the finances of the Town to ensure compliance with reporting deadlines.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: See Corrective Action Plan.

2020-007 Data Collection Form: Timely Submission - Significant Deficiency

<u>Criteria</u>: The OMB Circular A-133 and Uniform Guidance require entities who spend \$750,000 or more in federal awards to obtain a single audit and submit a data collection form either 30 days after receipt of the auditor's report or nine months after the end of the fiscal year, whichever comes first.

<u>Condition</u>: The Town has not submitted the data collection form within the specified deadline of June 30, 2021.

<u>Cause</u>: The Town has had significant difficulties in retaining both a Town Clerk and Accountant who have the capacity to prepare and analyze financial reports. This caused the audit to be delayed and therefore a late data collection form submission.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town is not in compliance with the OMB Circular A-133 and Uniform Guidance and therefore, the Town has the possibility of not being able to renew contracts in the future.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend that the Town plan and coordinate a single audit prior to deadline to ensure timely submission of the data collection form.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2019-001, 2018-001, 2017-001, 2016-002, 2015-002 and 2014-002: Internal Control over Financial Reporting – Reconciliations: Lack of accurate information in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (Material Weakness)

<u>Condition</u>: The Town did not reconcile all accounts and funds throughout the year and as such significant adjustments were required.

Status: This has not yet been resolved. See current year finding 2020-001

2019-002, 2018-002, 2017-002: Internal Control over Cash Disbursements (Material Weakness)

<u>Condition:</u> During the course of our audit, we noted numerous instances where disbursements were processed without proper documentation or approval and/or no supporting documentation.

Status: This has not yet been resolved. See current year finding 2020-002

2019-003, 2018-004, 2017-004: Internal Control over Journal Entries (Material Weakness)

<u>Condition</u>: Several instances where large journal entries were processed and recorded in order to adjust the balance at year end to support or to remove old outstanding balances. In addition, journal entries are processed and recorded without proper documentation or approval and/or no supporting documentation at all.

Status: This has not yet been resolved. See current year finding 2020-003

2019-004, 2018-005, 2017-006: Grant Compliance

<u>Condition:</u> The Town did not submit its 2018 annual audit financial report within the allocated time frame.

Status: This has not yet been resolved. See current year finding 2020-004.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2019-005, 2018-006, 2017-007, 2016-001, 2015-001, 2014-02: Bond and Certificates of Obligation Compliance: Maintenance of the required minimum sinking fund on the Statement of Net Position, and related funds was not evident

<u>Condition:</u> The Town has not yet established the separate bank account as required by the bond documents.

Status: This has not yet been resolved. See current year finding 2020-005.

2019-006, 2018-007, 2017-008: State Compliance: Public Funds Investment Act

<u>Condition:</u> The Town has not adopted an investment policy and as such, do not have a list of qualified brokers authorized to engage in investment transactions with the Town. The Town has not reviewed or adopted a list in FY 2019. Required training was not completed and quarterly investment reports were not presented to Council.

Status: This has not yet been resolved. See current year finding 2020-006.

2019-007, 2018-008, 2017-009: Financial Statement Preparation: Internal Control over financial reporting-Significant Deficiency

<u>Condition</u>: Like other entities with limited resources in its Finance Department, the Town relies on the external auditor to prepare the annual financial audit report. As a result of this, an internal financial statement was not timely prepared or reviewed by management.

Status: This has not yet been resolved. See current year finding 2020-007.





HONORABLE MAYOR Benjamin C. Romero Jr

TOWN CLERK Valerie M. Armendariz MAYOR PRO-TEM Shawn Weeks, Place #2

TOWN COUNCIL

Jose G. Garcia, Place # 1 Soledad Flores, Place # 3 Eluterio F. Alfaro, Place # 4 Eduardo Chavez, Place # 5

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2020-001 (2019-001, 2018-001, 2017-001, 2016-002, 2015-002 and 2014-002) Internal Control over Financial Reporting — Reconciliations: Lack of accurate information in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria:</u> The Town of Anthony, Texas, is required to maintain internal controls over financial reporting to provide a high level of assurance that the financial records are recorded properly and that related financial reports are presented properly. Materially accurate internal reports on budgetary, financial position and daily transactions should be prepared monthly and reconciled to the underlying support.

<u>Condition</u>: As noted in prior years, the Town did not reconcile all accounts and funds throughout the year and as such significant adjustments were required.

<u>Cause:</u> There has been turnover in the position of Town Clerk and Accountant and monthly reconciliation procedures have not been performed for all necessary account in a timely manner. In addition, the Town of Anthony, TX does not utilize a fund accounting software, because of this, different companies were set up in QuickBooks to accommodate different funds. The Town transition from a desktop version to an online version and because of this, the water and sewer fund was not transferred, and transactions were not recorded throughout the fiscal year. Additionally, the water and sewer billing software was not integrated into the accounting system and manual entries are required to record the activity. The support for accounts receivable on water services and grants were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis. No inventory nor list of property, plant and equipment was maintained or updated during the year. Certain liability accounts were not reconciled to the trial balance on a monthly basis.

<u>Effect</u>: The Town operated with inadequate controls over several aspects for the financial operations which resulted in general ledger accounts not being accurately reconciled throughout the year. Numerous adjustments were required at year end. Whenever accurate monthly financial reports are not consistently prepared and presented, poor financial decisions and overspending can occur.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The Town should implement procedures and assign staff to prepare monthly reconciliations of all necessary general ledger accounts to supporting documentation to ensure that the data is correct and properly reported for all funds. Review and oversight of accounting matters should be maintained monthly to ensure adequate financial statements are prepared.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:</u> Town Clerk will integrate Utility Data System Software with QuickBooks Desktop to ensure correct entries and eliminate manual entries. Town Clerk will set up an inventory list and will barcode purchased equipment to keep a record.



HONORABLE MAYOR Benjamin C. Romero Jr

TOWN CLERK Valerie M. Armendariz MAYOR PRO-TEM Shawn Weeks, Place #2

Jose G. Garcia, Place # 1

TOWN COUNCIL

Soledad Flores, Place # 3
Eluterio F. Alfaro, Place # 4
Eduardo Chavez, Place # 5

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-002 (2019-002, 2018-002, 2017-002) Internal Control over Cash Disbursements (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria:</u> Adequate internal controls of any entity include controls over the purchase of goods and services including authorization, approval, and review. All purchases should be approved before the purchase is incurred and part of the disbursement cycle should include a review by the appropriate personnel for adequate documentation, reasonableness, and evidence the Town received the goods and/or services.

<u>Condition:</u> During the course of our audit, we noted numerous instances where disbursements were processed without proper documentation or approval and/or no supporting documentation.

<u>Cause</u>: The Town does not have written procedures and controls for the procurement and cash disbursement cycle.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town may have paid for services or goods that were not approved, reviewed, received, or authorized in a timely or proper manner. To mitigate the chance of misuse of funds, further investigation was necessary to verify proper use of disbursements.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend the Town document and implement procedures and controls which require appropriate procurement methods, including authorization and review of all supporting documentation (prior authorization, purchase order, proof of receiving goods, invoice, etc.) by the appropriate personnel prior to any payment being processed.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:</u> Town administration has begun a system to ensure appropriate procedures and controls for methods including authorization, approval and review. Before any purchase can be authorized, there will be approval by department head or Town Clerk by email. Purchases must have a purchase order before submitting a check request and invoice must be signed off by department head or assigned staff to ensure the services or goods have been provided. The check request will have support documentation such as, receipts, purchase order, invoice and email with authorization of purchase. Town Clerk has set up automatic payments on utility bills to ensure payments are done on time. If a receipt is lost, there will be a form provided to replace the receipt. Town Clerk is minimizing check printing by conducting ACH, electronic payments and/or wire transfers.



HONORABLE MAYOR Benjamin C. Romero Jr

TOWN CLERK
Valerie M. Armendariz

MAYOR PRO-TEM Shawn Weeks, Place #2

Jose G. Garcia, Place # 1
Soledad Flores, Place # 3
Eluterio F. Alfaro, Place # 4
Eduardo Chavez, Place # 5

TOWN COUNCIL

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-003 (2019-003, 2018-004, 2017-004) Internal Control over Journal Entries (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria:</u> The Town is required to maintain internal controls over financial reporting to provide a high level of assurance that the financial records are recorded properly, and that adequate documentation is maintained to support all transactions recorded.

<u>Condition</u>: During the course of our audit, we noted several instances where large journal entries were processed and recorded in order to adjust the balance at year end to support or to remove old outstanding balances. In addition, journal entries are processed and recorded without proper documentation or approval and/or no supporting documentation at all.

<u>Cause:</u> The Town has not adopted procedures over recording journal entries.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town operated with inadequate controls over journal entries. As a result, inappropriate entries could have been posted to the general ledger.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the Town implement procedures for the review and approval of journal entries. The procedures should include proper maintaining of all supporting documentation for journal entries and management should ensure monthly reconciliation occur to prevent large adjustments at year end.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:</u> If the town is able to maintain good financial expenses and support documentation, the need for journal entries should be avoided. The goal is to prevent journal entries from ever occurring by reconciling the accounts every month.



HONORABLE MAYOR Benjamin C. Romero Jr

TOWN CLERK
Valerie M. Armendariz

MAYOR PRO-TEM Shawn Weeks, Place #2

Jose G. Garcia, Place # 1 Soledad Flores, Place # 3 Eluterio F. Alfaro, Place # 4 Eduardo Chavez, Place # 5

TOWN COUNCIL

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-004 (2019-006, 2018-007, 2017-008) State Compliance: Public Funds Investment Act

<u>Criteria:</u> The Town is required to comply with the Public Funds Investment Act, Government Code 2256.

<u>Condition</u>: The Town has not adopted an investment policy and as such, do not have a list of qualified brokers authorized to engage in investment transactions with the Town. The Town has not reviewed or adopted a list in FY 2020. Required training was not completed and quarterly investment reports were not presented to Council.

<u>Cause:</u> The funds subject to the Public Funds Investment Act relate to the money in escrow that the Town received from the Texas Water Development Board for the wastewater construction project. The Town has experienced turnover and current management was unaware that the Act applied to these funds.

<u>Effect:</u> The Town is not in compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, Government Code 2256 and therefore, not fulfilling its fiduciary duty in its entirety.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the Town adopt a formal Investment policy and renew it annually. The policy should formally appoint the investment officer serving you. The policy should identify who reviews the Public Funds Investment Act in its entirety to ensure future compliance with the Act. The investment policy should list qualified brokers authorized to engage in investment transactions with the Town needs. The investment officer should prepare quarterly investment reports with all the required financial data and verification from authorized brokers that they have received, reviewed, and complied with the Town's investment policy.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:</u> Town Accountant was scheduled to go to a training for the Government Finance Officers Association of Texas but due to an unforeseen family emergency, the training was cancelled. Town Clerk will get the appropriate training and adopt an investment policy with the assistance of the town attorney. The Town Accountant and Town Clerk will conduct the quarterly investment reports to present to town council and mayor.



HONORABLE MAYOR Benjamin C. Romero Jr

Valerie M. Armendariz

TOWN CLERK

MAYOR PRO-TEM Shawn Weeks, Place #2

Jose G. Garcia, Place # 1 Soledad Flores, Place # 3 Eluterio F. Alfaro, Place # 4 Eduardo Chavez, Place # 5

TOWN COUNCIL

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

2020-005 (2019-007, 2018-008, 2017-009) Financial Statement Preparation: Internal Control over financial reporting—Significant Deficiency

<u>Criteria:</u> Government Auditing Standards requires that a significant deficiency in internal controls be reported when an entity does not have the ability to report financial data in accordance with GAAP.

<u>Condition:</u> Like other entities with limited resources in its Finance Department, the Town relies on the external auditor to prepare the annual financial audit report. As a result of this, an internal financial statement was not timely prepared or reviewed by management.

<u>Cause:</u> The Town has had significant difficulties in retaining both a city administrator and chief accountant who have had the capacity to prepare and analyze financial reports. This problem is exacerbated due to the fact that the Towns budget and control of expenditures did not provide for adequate budget in this area.

<u>Effect:</u> The Government Auditing Standards Board believes this situation could result in a stronger possibility that misstatements of the financial statements may not be prevented or detected in a timely manner.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend that the Town put in place the appropriate personnel who are capable of administering a financial budget and reporting the data correctly.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:</u> Per the recommendations shown above, the Town will provide training to Town Clerk and Town Accountant to be able to administer a financial budget and report data correctly.



HONORABLE MAYOR Benjamin C. Romero Jr

mero Jr Shawn Weeks, Place #2

MAYOR PRO-TEM

TOWN CLERK Valerie M. Armendariz

TOWN COUNCIL

Jose G. Garcia, Place # 1 Soledad Flores, Place # 3 Eluterio F. Alfaro, Place # 4 Eduardo Chavez, Place # 5

TOWN OF ANTHONY, TEXAS

FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

2020-006 (2019-004, 2018-005, 2017-006) Grant Compliance

<u>Criteria:</u> For municipalities receiving funding from the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB), annual audited financial reports are required to be submitted within 180 days after year end.

<u>Condition:</u> The Town did not submit its 2020 annual audit financial report within the allocated time frame.

Cause: Due to turnover in personnel at the Town, the audit was not completed before the deadline.

Effect: The Town is not in compliance with the grant agreement with TWDB.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend the Town hire the necessary personnel to oversee the finances of the Town to ensure compliance with reporting deadlines.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:</u> The town should be completed the 2020 audit before March 31, 2022 and will begin FY 2021 audit shortly after.

2020-007 Data Collection Form: Timely Submission - Significant Deficiency

<u>Criteria:</u> The OMB Circular A-133 and Uniform Guidance require entities who spend \$750,000 or more in federal awards to obtain a single audit and submit a data collection form either 30 days after receipt of the auditor's report or nine months after the end of the fiscal year, whichever comes first.

<u>Condition:</u> The Town has not submitted the data collection form within the specified deadline of June 30, 2021.

<u>Cause</u>: The Town has had significant difficulties in retaining both a Town Clerk and Accountant who have the capacity to prepare and analyze financial reports. This caused the audit to be delayed and therefore a late data collection form submission.

<u>Effect</u>: The Town is not in compliance with the OMB Circular A-133 and Uniform Guidance and therefore, the Town has the possibility of not being able to renew contracts in the future.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend that the Town plan and coordinate a single audit prior to deadline to ensure timely submission of the data collection form.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:</u> Town Clerk will plan and coordinate to ensure submission of the data collection for a single audit before deadline for 2022 audit. Since the town is completing audit 2020, the town has yet to complete audit 2021. If the town has another single audit for 2021, then the submission will not be submitted on a timely manner for June 2022. The town is working hard to get caught up on audits and to be in compliance with the state and federal grants.